## § 170.260

- (2.14 meters) above the deepest load line.
- (b) Class 1 doors are permitted within passenger, crew, and working spaces, wherever located, if—
- (1) In the judgment of the OCMI, the door is in a location where it will be closed at all times except when actually in use; and
- (2) The vessel is less than 150 gross tons and will not proceed more than 20 nautical miles (37 kilometers) from shore; or
- (3) The vessel is in rivers or lakes, bays, and sounds service.
- (c) Class 1 doors are permitted in any location on a vessel that—
  - (1) Is less than 100 gross tons; and
- (2) Will operate only in the offshore oil industry trade.
- (d) Quick-acting Class 1 doors are permitted in any location on a vessel that operates on the Great Lakes and is required to meet the damage stability standards of subpart H of part 172 of this chapter.
- (e) For vessels required to meet the damage stability standards of subpart H of this chapter, when Class 1 doors are installed below a deck the molded line of which at its lowest point at side is less than 7 feet (2.14 meters) above the deepest load line, an indicator light for each door which warns when the door is open must be installed on the bridge.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51010, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 80-159, 51 FR 33059, Sept. 18, 1986]

## § 170.260 Class 2 doors; permissible locations.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, a Class 2 door is permitted only if—
- (1) Its sill is above the deepest load line; and
- (2) It is not a door described in \$170.265(d).
- (b) If passenger spaces are located below the bulkhead deck, Class 2 doors with sills below the deepest load line may be used if—
- (1) The number of watertight doors located below the deepest load line that are used intermittently during operation of the vessel does not exceed two, and;

- (2) The doors provide access to or are within spaces containing machinery.
- (c) If no passenger spaces are located below the bulkhead deck, Class 2 doors may be used if the number of watertight doors located below the deepest load line that are used intermittently during operation of the vessel does not exceed five.
- (d) In determining whether Class 2 doors are allowed under paragraph (c) of this section, the watertight doors at the entrance to shaft tunnels need not be counted. If Class 2 doors are allowed under paragraph (c) of this section, the doors at the entrance to shaft tunnels may also be Class 2.

## § 170.265 Class 3 doors; required locations.

The following doors must always be Class 3:

- (a) Doors in all locations not addressed in §§ 170.255 and 170.260.
- (b) Doors between coal bunkers below the bulkhead deck that must be opened at sea.
- (c) Doors into trunkways that pass through more than one main transverse watertight bulkhead if the door sills are less than 2.14 meters above the deepest load line.
- $(\bar{d})$  Doors below a deck, the molded line of which, at its lowest point at side, is less than 2.14 meters (7 feet) above the deepest load line if—
- (1) The vessel is engaged on a short international voyage as defined in §171.010 of this subchapter; and
- (2) The vessel is required by §171.065 of this subchapter to have a factor of subdivision of 0.5 or less.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51010, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 944, Jan. 10, 1996; CGD 96-041, 61 FR 50734, Sept. 27, 1996]

## § 170.270 Door design, operation, installation, and testing.

- (a) Each Class 1 door must have a quick action closing device operative from both sides of the door.
- (b) Each Class 1 door on a vessel in ocean service must be designed to withstand a head of water equivalent to the depth from the sill of the door to the margin line but in no case less than 10 feet (3.05 meters).
- (c) Each Class 2 and Class 3 door must—